## **REVIEW**

## of the official reviewer for the dissertation work

of Altybay Arshyn on the theme «Development of high-performance parallel algorithms and software complex for modeling hyperbolic type equations with singular coefficients: tsunami and acoustic wave propagation» presented for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in the specialty «6D075100 - Computer Science, Computer Engineering and Management».

Nº	Criteria	Eligibility (one of the options must be checked)	Justification of the position of the official reviewer
1.	The topic of the thesis (as of the	1.1 Compliance with priority areas of science development or government programs:	
	date of its approval) corresponds to the directions of development of science and/or state programs	1) The thesis was completed within the framework of a project or target program financed from the state budget (indicate the name and number of the project or program)  2) The thesis was completed within the framework of another state program (indicate the name of the program)  3) The thesis corresponds to the priority direction of the development of science, approved by the Higher Scientific and Technical Commission under the Government of the Republic of Kazakhstan (indicate the direction)	The thesis corresponds to the priority direction of science development: "Information, telecommunication and space technologies, scientific research in the field of natural sciences" and was carried out within the framework of the state grant financing for the following project: AP09058069 "Very weak solutions of evolutionary equations" (2021-2023).
2.	Importance for science	The work makes a significant contribution to science, and its importance is well disclosed	In this work, the existence, uniqueness and consistency of very weak solutions of the hyperbolic tsunami equation with a singular
			coefficient is proved and substantiated by its numerical simulation. The developed parallel algorithms make a significant contribution to applied science and are of great importance.
3.	The principle of	Self-reliance level:	The level of independence of the

	independence	1) High;	author of the thesis consists in
	independence	2) Medium;	analyzing literature data, performing
	100	3) Low;	theoretical part of the work, in the
		4) No independence	development of parallel algorithms,
		7) No independence	generalization and interpretation of
			the obtained results and conclusions.
4.	The principle of	4.1 Justification of the relevance of the thesis:	The relevance of the topic of the
4.	inner unity	1) Justified;	thesis is justified in the introduction
	miler unity	1) Justified,	section by giving specific examples
			and analyzing the literature.
		4.2 The content of the thesis reflects the topic of the thesis:	The thesis is devoted to the
		1) Reflects;	development of high-performance
		1) Reflects,	parallel algorithms and software for
			modeling hyperbolic equations with
			singular coefficients: the propagation
			of tsunamis and acoustic waves,
			which fully reflects the topic of the
		* ***	thesis.
		4.3. The purpose and objectives correspond to the topic of the thesis:	The purpose and objectives of the
		1) correspond;	thesis are divided into four points
		1) correspond,	and each point clearly states what to
			do and corresponds to the topic of the
	,		thesis.
		4.4 All sections and provisions of the thesis are logically interconnected:	The introduction, three main chapters
	* 2	1) completely interconnected;	and the conclusion of the thesis are
		2) the interconnection is partial;	logically completely interconnected.
		3) there is no interconnection	-, ,
		4.5 The new solutions (principles, methods) proposed by the author are reasoned	The new solutions proposed by the
		and evaluated in comparison with the known solutions:	author are partially analyzed in
		1) there is a critical analysis;	comparison with existing solutions,
		2) partial analysis;	the algorithms proposed by other
		3) the analysis does not represent one's own opinions, but quotes from other	authors are analyzed when
		authors	developing parallel algorithms, and

			in the third section, the software for
	*		modeling processes describing by
			equations of mathematical physics is
			also partially analyzed.
5.	Scientific novelty	5.1 Are the scientific results and provisions new?	The scientific results and provisions
	principle	1) completely new;	are completely new since this is the
		2) partially new (25-75% are new);	first study of a very weak solution of
		3) not new (less than 25% are new)	the tsunami equation with a singular
			coefficient and the first study in the
			development of parallel algorithms
			for the numerical solution of
			hyperbolic equations with a singular
			coefficient.
		5.2 Are the dissertation findings new?	The results of the thesis are
		1) completely new;	completely new and confirmed by
		2) partially new (25-75% are new);	published scientific papers, in
		3) not new (less than 25% are new)	particular, the paper "A parallel
			hybrid implementation of the 2D
			acoustic wave equation", published
			in the International Journal of
			Nonlinear Sciences and Numerical
			Simulation (Scopus, Q2, Percentile
			61)
		5.3 Technical, technological, economic or management decisions are new and	The technical solutions obtained in
		reasonable:	the work are partially new. The third
		1) completely new;	section of the thesis on software
		2) partially new (25-75% are new);	related to technical management, in
		3) not new (less than 25% are new)	my opinion, is partially new.
6.	The validity of	All main conclusions are/are not based on scientifically significant evidence or	The thesis is consists of 3 sections
	the main findings	well-grounded (for qualitative research and areas of training in the arts and	and a general conclusion, each
		humanities)	section has a brief conclusion. The
			conclusions are based on extensive
			scientific evidence. In particular, the
	L		scientific evidence. In particular, the

			first chapter describes a very weak solution, the study of stability of finite difference schemes for
			equations, the application of the
			tsunami model to study the Caspian
			tsunami. The second chapter
			describes the algorithms, their
			testing, and the analysis of the
			obtained results. The third chapter
-			describes an application of the
			developed software.
7.	The main	It is necessary to answer the following questions for each provision separately:	7.1 The provision is proven. In the
	provisions for the	7.1 Is the provition proven?	thesis, the provision presented in 5
	defense	1) proven;	points can be summarized in two
		2) rather proven;	points: the first point is the
		3) rather not proven;	theoretical proof of the existence of a
		4) not proven	very weak solution to the tsunami
		7.2 Is it trivial?	equation, and this point was given in
		1) yes;	Chapter 1, Section 1.3. The second
		2) <u>no</u>	point is the practical development of
		7.3 Is it new?	parallel numerical algorithms, this
		1) <u>yes;</u>	point is given in the second chapter
		2) no	where 3 parallel algorithms and
		7.4 Application level:	calculation results are described.
	,	1) narrow;	7.2 The provision is not trivial. The
		2) <u>medium;</u>	obtained scientific results are
		3) wide	relevant and have a scientific
		7.5 Is it proven in the article?	novelty.
		1) yes;	7.3 The provision is new. The
		2) no	theoretical proof of existence,
			uniqueness, the consistency of a very weak solution to the tsunami
			The second section of the section of the section of the second section of the sectio
			equation with a singular coefficient,

and justification by a numerical solution is a new provision. The developed parallel algorithms and applications are also new in the field of usage. 7.4 The level of application is medium. Parallel algorithms for numerical solution of hyperbolic equations with singular coefficients presented in the thesis can be applied to numerical solution of other equations of mathematical physics. Here my remarks are that the developed parallel algorithms are less studied from the point of view of algorithmic research, and little comparative analysis of the algorithms is given. It would be useful if there was a comparative analysis with other algorithms. 7.5 Proven in the paper. The results were published in the following scientific journals included in the Scopus database: Altybay A., Ruzhansky M., Tokmagambetov N. Wave equation with distributional propagation speed and mass term: numerical simulations. // Applied Mathematics E-Notes. - 2019. - Vol. 19. - P. 552-562. (Scopus, Q3) Altybay A., Ruzhansky M., Tokmagambetov N. A parallel hybrid

			implementation of the 2D acoustic
			wave equation
			International Journal of Nonlinear
			Sciences and Numerical Simulation
			(Scopus, Q2, Percentile 61) and 4
			articles were published in the
5	16	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	journals included in the list of the
			Committee for Quality Assurance in
			Education and Science of the
			Ministry of Education and Science of
			the Republic of Kazakhstan.
8.	The principle of	8.1 Choice of methodology - is justified or the methodology is described in	The research methodology used in
0.	reliability	sufficient detail	the work is described in the second
	•	1) yes;	part of the thesis. The methods used
	Reliability of	2) no	in the development of the algorithm
	sources and	2) 110	for paralleling the two-dimensional
	information		wave equation with a time-dependent
	provided	* *	singular coefficient and the
			parallelization of the tsunami
			equation in a graphics processor are
			described in detail.
			The results obtained in the thesis
		8.2 The results of the thesis were obtained using modern methods of scientific	
		research and methods of processing and interpreting data using computer	were tested on supercomputer
		technologies:	clusters and high-performance
		1) yes;	graphics processors.
		2) no	<u></u>
		8.3 Theoretical conclusions, models, identified relationships and patterns have	Theoretical conclusions, models,
		been proven and confirmed by experimental research (for areas of training in	algorithms in the thesis are
		pedagogical sciences, the results have been proven on the basis of a pedagogical	confirmed by experimental research.
		experiment):	
		<u>1) yes;</u>	
		2) no	

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		8.4 Important statements are <u>confirmed</u> / partially confirmed / not confirmed by	Important information in the work is
		references to current and reliable scientific literature	confirmed by references to accurate
			and reliable scientific literature.
		8.5 Used literature sources are <u>sufficient/not</u> sufficient for a literature review	The thesis uses 89 pieces of
			literature, the list of used literature is
			sufficient for the literary review.
9	Practical value	9.1 The thesis has theoretical value:	The theoretical significance of the
	principle	1) <u>yes;</u>	work was clearly demonstrated by
		2) no	the theoretical proof of the existence,
			uniqueness, and consistency of very
			weak solution of the tsunami
			equation with a singular coefficient.
		9.2 The thesis is of practical importance and there is a high probability of	Modeling of rapidly changing
		applying the results obtained in practice:	physical phenomena over time is
		1) yes;	often carried out using the equations
		2) no	of mathematical physics with a
		2) 110	singular coefficient. The thesis is
		*	designed to numerically solve and
			parallelize the hyperbolic equations
			with a singular coefficient, so the
			results can be used in practice.
		9.3 Are the practice suggestions new?	Practical suggestions are new, there
		1) completely new;	are two new proposals. The first
		2) partially new (25-75% are new);	proposal is the application of
		3) not new (less than 25% are new)	developed parallel algorithms to
	,	•	other equations of mathematical
		1	physics, which is presented in the
			second chapter of the thesis. The
	¥		second proposal is to present the
			developed software as a simulation
			tool for researchers of wave
			equations with singular coefficients,
			which is presented in the third

		chapter of the thesis.
The quality of writing and design	Academic writing quality: 1) high; 2) average; 3) below average; 4) low.	The quality of academic writing is average, the thesis contains some grammatical errors, incomplete sentences, but this does not affect the overall quality of the thesis and the obtained scientific results.

The solution:

to award the degree of Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) in the specialty: 6D075100 - Computer Science, Computer Engineering and Management

## Official Reviewer:

Baigereyev Dossan, PhD, Associate Professor of the Department of Mathematics, Sarsen Amanzholov East Kazakhstan University



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